## **Eastern versus Western Cue Bids**

## By Neil H. Timm

In the game of contract bridge, there are all types of cue bids. It is a bid in a suit in which the bidder does not want to play which either asks or provides information to his partner by agreement. They are used for many purposes:

- (1) Show first or second round controls in slam bidding
- (2) Show a two-suited hand
- (3) Show an invitational/strong raise over interference
- (4) Show a stopper
- (5) Ask for a stopper
- (6) Create a force

Never pass a cue bid because you do not remember what it means!

In this tip I will review Western and Eastern cue bids, the Western cue bid is used to ask for information and the Eastern cue bid is used to give/tell partner something when trying to establish whether or not 3NT is a safe contract in a competitive auction. To see how they are used we consider some examples.

North	South	East	West
1.	1 <b>^</b>	2♣	Pass
3.	Pass	3▲*	

<sup>\*</sup>A 3-level cue bid that ASKS for a partial stopper in the suit bid – If Yes bid 3NT.

North	South	East	West
1.	1 ♦	1♥	1 ♠
2 <b>.</b>	Pass	2♠*	

<sup>\*</sup>A 2-level cue bid that SHOWS a stopper with diamonds covered and says bid 3NT with a partial stopper in spades. Note the opponents have bid two suits.

North	South	East	West
1♣	1 ♦	1 ♠	2♥
3.4	Pass	3♥*	

<sup>\*</sup>A 3-level cue bid that SHOWS a stopper with diamonds covered and says bid 3NT with a partial stopper in hearts. Note that the opponents have again bid two suits.

North	South	East	West
1.	1 ♦	3♣	Pass
3 ♦ *			

## \*Bid 3NT with a diamond STOPPER

North	South	East	West	
1.	1 🛧	2♣	2♦	
2 . *				

2**♠**\*

Shows a Spade STOPPER and asks partner to bid 3NT with a diamond stopper

Tip: A 2-level bid shows/tells and 3-level bid may ask/tell depending on how many suits have been bid by the opponents. In general when the opponents have bid one suit a cue bid usually asks; however, if two suits have been bid a cue bid most often tells. There are exceptions, for example:

\*Likely shows a STOPPER in an effort to get to 3NT; however, a cue bid at opener's first opportunity without suit agreement can be ambiguous. Since opener may have a fit for partner's suit, or may wish to ask for a stopper holding a solid suit.

You hold **A**K2 **∀**A7 **♦**109 **A**KQ1078

North (You) South East West  $1 \clubsuit 1 \spadesuit 3 \clubsuit$  Pass  $3 \spadesuit *$ 

You hold ★A92 ♥A7 ◆87 ♣AKJ1078

North (You) South East West
1♣ 1♠ 2♣ 2♠\*

A cue bid followed by a new suit is absolutely 100% forcing!

You hold: ★A ♥ 72 ◆A109876 **\***KQ102

North South East West (You)  $1 \clubsuit$  X  $2 \blacktriangledown$   $3 \blacktriangledown$  Pass  $3 \spadesuit$  Pass  $4 \spadesuit^*$ 

Most cue bids are not alerted, but some direct cue bids with unusual meaning are to be alerted.

<sup>\*</sup> Western cue bid, bid 3NT with a diamond stopper.

<sup>\*</sup>Eastern cue bid, shows a Spade STOPPER and asks partner to bid 3NT with a diamond stopper

<sup>\*</sup>New suit after a cue bid is 100% forcing.