# **MECKWELL LITE PRECISION SYSTEM**

V1.10.1, 2020-06-07, www.zaremba.ch



#### ## Notes

- ! = alert; F=forcing; #=number of cards; X=double; Y, Z=wildcard; M=major; m=minor; NV = not vulnerable; rebid = rebid own suit; raise = raise partner suit shift = change suit; j. = jump; 2j. = double jump
- · All 11s get opened.
- With limited openings, jump shifts promise max values, and raw playing strength or an implied fit.
- · After setting the suit, bid splinter or stopper cue-bids to GF
- · Discard: Roman
- · Blackwood: RKC (1430)
- · 2NT from responder usually is forcing, from opener shows max

# ## Openings

The order presents the bid preference.

!F 17+ bal or 16+ unbal, any distribution Upgrade 15-point and good 6+# into 1♣.

1NT May have 5M if points are evenly distributed and (5332). It will preempt opponent major if 5m. Also is easier to find better match if partner has 5M without good support for our 5M. Example: ♦OT765 ♥KO3 ♦ 12 ♣AKI.

1♥/♠ 11-15, 5+# 2\* ! 11-15, 6+♣ or 5♣ & 4M 1 11-15, 4+♦ or 12+, 2+♦ & other strong 4#. Not suitable for other opening (eg 2\*,1NT) ! 11-15, 1-♦, no 5M 29/4 8-10, good 6+# (or 5-8 7+#) 2NT ! 6-10, 55 minors preemptive, good 7#, 7+ tricks (6+ when NV) 3Y 3NT gambling (can have outside stopper)

# ### NT opening schema (for balanced hands)

0-10 pass 1♦, 1NT 11 - 1313-16 1NT 17-19 1♣, 1NT 1♣, 2NT (2NT style) 20-22 23-25 1♣, 3NT (2NT style) 26+ improvise :)

# ## 1NT

2♣ F good 8+, stayman — asks for 4#M, inv 2 + 2/2/!2NT/3♣ F any 5+#, Jacoby transfer to ///→ accept (2♥/2♠/3♣/3♦) → pass → 2NT/raise inv → 3Y(shift) inv, show shortage → 3NT ask for pref of game in 3NT or 4♥
→ j.accept: 15+HCP, 4+# support 2♠ minor suit stayman, 54m, GF → 3\*/\* → 2NT otherwise (also when 4m is not solid) 3♦/♥/♠ !GF splinter, 13+, no 5M 3NT sign off gerber 4. 4 ♦ / ♥ texas transfer to ♥/♠, 6+#

# ## NT: 2NT style

3♣/../3♠ alike 2♣/../2♠ after 1NT 3NT/../4♥ as after 1NT

# ## 1♣ not in competition

!F 0-7, any distribution 17-19 (treat as strong NT style) → 1NT → 2NT 20-22 (or 27+, treat as 2NT) non-forcing 5+# → 1♥/1♠/2♣/2♦ → 2♥/2♠/3♣/3♦ !F1, strong, as std 2♣ opener (raise is the only nonGF) → 3♥/3♠/4♣/4♦ !GF, sets trump, demands A or K cuebid. !GF 8-11, any distribution ≠ 4441-!F 12+, 5+# 1 ♦ / 2 ♦ / 2 ♥

```
!F 12+, bal (treat as strong NT)
      !GF 8-11, any 4441-
NT ! ask for shortness
2♠
    2NT
      !GF 12+, any 4441-
2NT
     3♣
           ! ask for shortness
3♣/♦/♥/♠
           ! 3-7, 6+#
4♥/♠
           0-4, 8+#
```

# ## 1\* in competition

Kantar Cue Bid (KCB): after opponent overcall, raise their suit shows 444+1-, shortage in the enemy suit and GF.

A jump cuebid of their suit is GF KCB showing 5 in the other M.

```
less than GF
     pass
     XX
               GF
     1NT
               5-7, reasonable stopper position
               non GF 5+#
     shift
     j.shift
               GF 5+#
               inv 6+# (if below game)
     2j.shift
               GF, denies shortness
1Y
     1NT, shift, j.shift, 2j.shift

 as above

2Y
     X, shift, j.shift — as above
     2NT
               nat, inv
3Y
     X, 3Z
               GF
     3NT
               nat
               GF, invites doubling
1NT
     2NT,
         shift, j.shift, 2j.shift - as above
2NT
    X, 3Y
               nat, GF
```

# ## 1♦ opening

```
1♥/♠ !F 8+, 4+#
  → 2♦ (rebid)
                   13- 6+# (or good 5#)
  → 3♦ (j.rebid)
                   14+ 6+# (or good 5#)
  → reverse(1♠)
                   11+ 4+#
  → reverse(2♥)
                   14+ 4+#
                   4# support
  → raise
  → 2♣
                   4+#, at least 5-4 in minor.
  → 2NT
                   14+
  → 1NT
                   13-
2*
       F 11+ 4+# (inv. with long ♣ possible)
2
      !F 11+ 4(5)+# (forcing to 3♦)
             sign off
 → 3♦
  → 2♥/♠
             13+, 4#, hand desc.
    3♥/♠/4♣
             splinter
  → 2/3NT
             nat, no 4M (13-/14+)
1NT
      8-11,
             no 4M
2NT
      12-13, no 4M, inv
      14+,
3NT
             no 4M, GF
2♥/2♠/3♣ ! 0-9, 6+# - week jump shift
3♦ ! 0-9, 5+♦
3♥/3♠/4♣ !F 13+ 5+♦, splinter
```

# ## 1♥/♠ opening

2j.shift: 13+, splinter

```
----- for 1♥ only
        !F 8+ 4+♠
1♠
                  4+♥ or 14+ 3♥
  → raise
  \rightarrow 1NT
                  13-
  \rightarrow other responses as for 1NT
24
         ! 0-9 6+♠, sign-off
        !F 8-15 HCP, no support, no other bid
1NT
                  no other 4#
  → pass
  → reverse(2♠)
                  14+ 4+#
                  13 - 6+#
  → rebid
  \rightarrow j.rebid
                  14+ 6+#
  → shift
                  13 - 4+#
  → j.shift
                  14+ good 5+#
                  F 14+4+# , Jacoby2NT, inv
  → 2NT
      → 3NT
                  12+ no singleton-
      → raise
                  14+, max hand, no singleton-
                  min hand, signoff
      → j.raise
      → shift
                  splinter
      → j.shift 12+, 5+# (good)
2♣/2♦/(2♥) 2-over-1 shift.
  GF 2/1 (11+ 4+#) unless rebid
  → raise
               4+# or 14+ 3#
               14+ 4+#, splinter
4+# if Y is Major, else: good 3+#
  → j.shift
  → shift 2Y
  → shift 3Y
               14+ 4+# or 12+ 5+#
               14+ 5322, stoppers in both unbid suits
  → 2NT
  → 3NT
               14+ no fast arrival.
  → j.rebid
               14+ 6+# with excellent quality.
  → rebid
               5+#
```

```
8-10 3#, Kokish two-way game tries:
 → pass: 14- HCP, nothing special.
→ next (2*/2NT): relay for stopper cue-bid. !F.
    Opener asks responder to bid stopper (1 \heartsuit - 2 \heartsuit - 2 \land -2NT = \land).
  → shift < raise: short-suit game try. Shows short. !F
    1♥-2♥-2NT shows short in ♠ (since 2♠ would be a relay).
  → raise: 6#, no short, inv.
  → j.raise (4♥/♠): good 6#, sign off.
bergen raises (Constructive-Limit-Preemptive):
     → 3NT: 14+ bal, good hand → 3Y: short in Y

!F 8-10 4+# constructive
!F 10-12 4±# in:
  2NT !GF J2NT, 13+ 4+#, no short (otherwise splinter).
  3.
       !F 10-12 4+# inv
  j.raise 3♥/♠ !F 6- preemptive
## 2♣ opening
       !F 11+, relay asks for 4#M
2
  → 2♥/♠
          4+#
  → 2NT
           6+♣, no 4M, no shortness, min
           6+♣, no 4M
               relay for shortness
         3♦
                → 3♥/♠/NT
         7-11 5+#
3♦/♥/♠
         !GF 14+ 6+#
         !GF strong club raise, slam try
3♣
4*
         preemptive
2NT
         10-11, no 4M, inv to 3NT
3NT
         sign off
## 2♦ opening
           !GF slam try 5+#
```

```
2♥/2♠/3♣ sign off, weak, may have only 3# support
3♥/3♠/4♣
        !F 8+, ask, inv+
2NT
 → 3♣
        ! any min
     → 3♦
           !F relay
        bid a suit with advantage:
        → 3♥
               ! min, short ♠ (3415)
        → 3♠
                ! min, short ♥ (4315)
        → 3NT
               ! min, short ♣ (4414)

→ 4.8

                ! min, short ♦ (4405)
     → 3♥/3♠/4♣ inv 5(4)+#
```

# ## 2♥/♠ opening (weak twos)

```
T !F, 13+, 2+# support, inv

→ shift !F 9+, stopper cuebid
2NT
    j.shift ! 9+ 5+#
            9+, super opening (AKQXXX)
no feature in side suit
  → 3NT
  → rebid
raise preemptive
       !F 13+ 5+#, no support, ask for length
shift
  → shift 9+, no support, stopper cuebid
  → raise
           3+# or strong 2#
  → NT
            9+, good open suit
  → rebid no better option
```

# ## 2NT opening

```
sign off
3♣/♦
3♥/♠
        GF 6+# (or strong 5+#)
        GF slam try ♣/♦
4*/*
3NT/4♥/4♠/5♣/5♦
                   sign off
```

# ## 3NT opening

```
8-. → pass with long ♣ otherwise bid 4◆
    Ask for singleton
4♥/4♠: show 1-#
                       → 4NT: hand 7-2-2-2
5*: 7+* & 1-♦
                       → 5♦: 7+♦ & 1-♣
    8+, same as 3NT-4♣
```

# ## Other conventions

# Stayman (1NT-2♣):

	( / /	
2 <b>♦:</b> no	4# major	2♥: 4♥ and maybe 4♠. 2♠: 4# ♠
2♥(2♠): 3♥/3♠: 3♣/3♦:	sign off. 10+ 5♥&4♠, inv 10+ HCP 6+#, inv 10+ HCP 5+#, inv 8+ HCP, nat	pass: sign off. 2♠ (shift): 8-11 5+# inv 3♠ (j shift): 10+ 6# inv 2NT: 10+ 4# in other M raise: 10+ 4# (or 8+ 5#) inv

# Takeout double

After non-interrupted opp. bid  $\leq 3 \spadesuit$ . Promises strong one suited

hand (16+ 6# or 19+ 5#) or balanced too strong (19+) to overcall 1NT **or** 12+ HCP, short in opp suit, nothing good to open.

#### **Negative double (ND)**

After partner opening and opp. overcall ≤ 3♠. Shows 6+ HCP 4+# (in unbid suit) at level 1, and 8+ HCP 5+# at level 2. ND, after  $1 \checkmark /1 \diamondsuit$  opening, usually invites for 3NT. Examples:

```
→ 1?-(1?)-X: no points to overcall, promises descend rebid and
            something else (eg 5#)
```

```
\rightarrow 1 .-(1 •)-X: 4-4 in majors
```

 $\rightarrow 1 4/1 - (1 )$ -X: 4+

→ 1♥-(1♠)-X: 1 minor and descend rebid

#### Lebensohl

After 1NT interruption (Y or X). Example for: 1NT- $(2 \heartsuit) \rightarrow X=neg$ double; 2♠=nat, noF; 2NT=weak with 5#m or F with 4#♠;  $3 \clubsuit \spadesuit = \text{nat F}$ ;  $3 \blacktriangledown = 3 - \# \spadesuit$  ask for  $\blacktriangledown$  stopper;  $3 \spadesuit = \text{nat F}$ . → After 2NT opener must bid 3♣, then: pas/3♦=week + 5♣/♦; 3♥=GF 4+#♠ no ♥stop; 3♠= inv 5#♠; 3NT=nat + ♥♠stoppers.

#### Stopper cue bidding

After setting the suit  $\underline{S}$  we can start bidding lowest control: A or K or singleton or void, to invite for the game. Partner must cue bid his lowest control (even when weak) or bid  $\underline{S}$ . If one player has by passed a suit showing no control and his partner still cue bids a new suit, he promises control in the by passed suit.

# Blackwood RKC (102 or 1430)

After 4NT we count the # of Aces + trump K. The responses are:  $5 \clubsuit = 1 | 4, 5 \spadesuit = 0 | 3, 5 \Psi = 2 | 5 \text{ (no trump Q)}, 5 \spadesuit = 2 | 5 \text{ (with trump Q)}.$ → After 5.4/5.4 the next step (skipping trump suit) ask for trump Queen. If you don't have the queen - sign off (bid our suit). Otherwise bid your cheapest king (skipping trump one) or 5NT → The next step (or next+1 after  $5 \$/5 \diamondsuit$ ) asks for kings when wanting Grand Slam. Response: bid the cheapest king you have.

#### Roman discard (Odd/Even)

2,4: discourage given and signal the lower suit of 2 remaining 6,8: discourage given and signal the higher suit of 2 remaining 3,5,7: to signal the given suit

#### Defense against suit opening

Overcall simple suit bid:

→ new suit: 8+ HCP, very good 4+# (or good 5+#). 2over1 5+#. Then: cue-bid (10+) asks overcaller about quality (raise: minimum, shift 11+).

 $\rightarrow$  jump: 8+ HCP, 6+#

→ cuebid = Michaels, 2NT = unusual 2NT

Overcall weak 2:

→ double: 14+, short in opener's suit.

→ suit: 14+, good 5+#

## **Michaels Cue Bid**

Bid opp. suit just after his opening. Promises 8+ HCP and 5-5 in two higher suits (over opp. minor opening) or 5 in other major and 5 in some minor (over opp. major opening)

#### **Unusuall NT**

Similar to Michaels cue bid - immediate overcall of 2NT shows at least 5-5 in two smaller suits (not counting opp. suit).

# $\boldsymbol{Meckwell\ defense\ against\ 1NT\ opening\ \ (instead\ of\ cappelletti)}$

→double: single minor (5+#) or both majors (45#); advancer bids 24, after which the intervener corrects to his actual suit if a minor, or ♥ if holding both majors

**→**2♣/♦ the bid suit and a major(45)

**→**2**∀**/**♠** the bid suit (5+#)

→2NT both minors

#### ### Card distribution

7	6	5	4	3	2
4-3 62%	3-3 36%	3-2 68%	2-2 40%	2-1 78%	1-1 52%
5-2 30%	4-2 48%	4-1 28%	3-1 50%	3-0 22%	2-0 48%
6-1 7%	5-1 15%	5-0 4%	4-0 10%		
7-0 0.5%	6-0 1%				

# ### Approximate CP for game contracts

3NT 25+ when points are evenly distributed. 3Y: 27; 4Y: 30

# ### IMP

The table shows the expected score (divided by 10) based on HCP. Substract it from your score to get the diff and find IMP value.

HCP	V/NV	НСР	V/NV	НСР	V/NV	НСР	V/NV
21	5/5	25	30/40	29	49/69	33	99/144
22	9/9	26	40/60	30	52/72	34	125/180
23	13/13	27	43/63	31	70/100	35	140/210
24	22/26	28	46/66	32	90/135	36+	150/220

Diff 1...36 = ceil(diff/4), eg:  $3 \rightarrow 1$ ,  $4 \rightarrow 1$ ,  $5 \rightarrow 2$ ,  $8 \rightarrow 2$ ,  $9 \rightarrow 3$ ,  $36 \rightarrow 8$ 

DIFF	IMP	DIFF	IMP	DIFF	IMP	DIFF	IMP
≤ 42	9	≤ 89	13	≤ 174	17	≤ 299	21
≤ 49	10	≤ 109	14	≤ 199	18	≤ 349	22
≤ 59	11	≤ 129	15	≤ 224	19	≤ 399	23
≤ 74	12	≤ 149	16	≤ 249	20	≥ 400	24