# Responding When RHO Makes a Takeout Double 

30 Minute Mini lesson

## Thoughts and Understandings

- When partner opens the bidding and RHO doubles:
- You have accounted for approximately 26 of the 40 points in the deck.
- If you have 9 or 10 points, LHO probably has no more than 4 or 5 points.
- Basic understandings
- Redouble shows 10+ points.
- New suit bids are not forcing.
- You don't have to bid simply because you have a few points.


## Exceptions

- When you have an unbalanced hand with most of your points in one or two suits, it is often better to bid a suit than to redouble.
- Consider this hand:


# Partner 1 , <br> - AK 863 <br> - 53 <br> -K J 106 <br> - 54 

`RHO You
dble ??

- With a hand like this one, many experts would bid 1 rather than redouble.
- Then make a constructive bid later to show the strength.
- This means, of course, that 1 -level bids must be forcing for one round.

2-Level Bids are Natural, Non-Forcing and Less Than 10 points

| Partner | RHO | You | Partner | RHO | You |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | dble | $2 *$ | dble | 2 |  |

## With What Sort of Hand Do You Redouble?

- As responder, you redouble when you know you are prepared for whatever the opponents might do.
- When you redouble you expect to do one of the following things.
- You expect to bid some level of no trump.
- You intend to double the opponents.
- You expect to raise your partner's suit.


## Partner 1 ,

RHO
You dble Redble

- Q 42
- J 853
- Q J
- A Q 97

LHO bids 1ヶ or 1\&, LHO bids 2\&, you you bid 1 nt , showing 10-12

- Q 42
- J 8
- AJ 8
-K 10974 will double for penalty.


## Partner $1 \vee$

## RHO You dble Redble

, K2

- K J 8
-A 863
-10974
No matter what
opponents do, you will raise hearts.
- K 42
-QJ86
-KJ 8
-K 109
LHO bids any
thing at the two
level double for penalty.
Partner 1A
RHO You dble Redble

4
-K J 83

- AJ 63

玉K 974
No matter what
the opponents bid,
you've got them.

- KQ4 2
- J 8
-AJ 85
- J 109

After a redouble, jump raise partner's spades.

## What Does a Direct One-nt Show?

- Because of RHO's double - no obligation to keep the bidding open.
- Nevertheless, with a good 6 to 9 points, you should bid.


## Partner $1 \vee$

- J 85
- Q 72
-Q863
- Q 107

A really bad 7
points. Best to pass.

## RHO You dble ??

- 75
- K 82
- QJ972
+984
A good 7 point hand. Worth a raise to $2 \%$.

Partner 1a

- J 2
- Q 109
-A 1063
* J 984

A good 8 points.
Bid 1 nt.

## RHO You dble ??

- 85
- AK 83
- 1095

2 J 1094
Another good 7 point hand. Bid 1 nt.

## A Jump Raise of Opener's Suit

- Regardless of what suit partner has opened, a jump raise is weak.
- Good trump support.
- At least 4 cards for a major suit
- At least 5 cards for a minor suit.
- Good distribution.
- The opponents might have a game, so you want to get in their way as much as possible.

Partner 1a

- Q J 72
- 109
- 106742
- 42

They may have game in hearts. Bid 3 .

## RHO You dble ??

- J 10852
- 3
- 1095
\& A 1094
They almost surely
have game in hearts. Bid 4a.


## Partner 1*

- K72
- 109
- QJ742
\& J 42
They may have game. Bid 3*.


## RHO You dble ??

- J 108
$\checkmark 3$
- 109572
- A 1094

Even with this
weak hand, bid 3 .

## Jump-Shifts are Also Weak

- A Jump-shift over RHO's take out double should show:
- A reasonably good suit.
- A weak hand.
- Too weak to redouble.
- Too weak to make a regular, non-jump bid.
- Be aware that RHO has shown some values in your suit.

Partner
1*
-QJ9873
$\checkmark 109$

- 2
*J 952
Bid 24.

RHO You dble ??
-10 8

- J 32
-9
- K J10 9542

Nice 7-card suit Bid 3 .

## The Jordan Convention

- Partner opens a major suit, RHO doubles, you have 10-12 points.
- Your hand can be:
a. 2-card or fewer support for partner's suit.
b. 3-card support for partner's suit.
c. 4-card or better support for partner's suit.
- With a: redouble, then make the appropriate bid or double.
- With b: redouble, then raise partner's suit.
- With c: bid 2 nt.

