## COMPETITIVE BIDDING

## TOUGH COMPETITOR



## Are you a Tough Competitor?

| E S | N E S | N E S W |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1D 1S ? | 1H1S? | 1S P 2S X |
|  |  | P 3H P P |
| QJ5 3 | Q 85 | QAQ8763 |
| KQ 83 | Q 753 | $\bigcirc 6$ |
| 83 | Q 87 | K Q 6 |
| QQ 876 | 99874 | QJ 5 |

## TOUGH COMPETITOR

1. Law of Total Tricks (LOTT) - simple version!
2. Hand Evaluation
3. Cue Raises
4. Negative Doubles

When opponents overcall we now get 2 new bids ${ }_{(\text {cue eatase }}$ Negative ${ }^{\text {outues })}$ Law of Total Tricks (but really a Guideline)

- In competition you can bid relatively safely to the level of trumps your partnership holds eg 5+3 => 2 level, 5+4 => 3 level


## 1 TOUGH COMPETITOR - LOTT (Points are evenly split 17-23)

- Initial bidding is by point count so raise 1 H to 2 H if 6 -9/10pts \& 3+ vs
- If then bidding in competition be guided by the number of trumps (so if partnership have $5+4$ trumps => bid to 3 level)
- Typically play at 2lvI, defend at 3Ivl when have a 8 trump fit
- However, we look to get best score for the board, not what you can make, even if means going down provided it scores better than opponents making their contract =>
- Going 1 down @ 3 Ivl scores better than oppo making @ 2IvI
- When competing at the 3 level we are not inviting to game


## 1 TOUGH COMPETITOR - LOTT (Points are evenly split 17-23)

## Partner RHO You LHO

## (1) $1 \mathrm{H} \quad 1 \mathrm{~S} \quad 2 \mathrm{H} \quad 2 \mathrm{~S}$ ? ${ }^{1} \quad$ ? ${ }^{2}$

${ }^{1}$ - bid 3 H if have 6 th even if minimum
${ }^{2}$ - if partner Passed you bid 3H if have 4th

## 1 TOUGH COMPETITOR - LOTT (Points are evenly split 17-23)

## Partner RHO You LHO

(2) 1C Pass 1S 2D

2S 3D ? ${ }^{1}$
${ }^{1}$ - bid 4 S with high card strength

- Pass with 4 spades \& 6-10pts
- bid 3S with 5 spades \& weak. Not an invite to game


## 1 TOUGH COMPETITOR - LOTT (Points are evenly split 17-23)

a. TYPICAL STRATEGIES

- With 8 trumps typically Play 2 level, Defend 3 level
- No five after five. If opponents bid to 5 level we typically Pass or Double
b. OTHER OCCURRENCES:
- Preemptive Raise eg 1S 4S shows 5 trumps \& weak
- Raise a Weak Two to 3 level with 3 trumps \& 4 level with 4 trumps even when weak
- Cue Raise - a jump to 3 level is weak (4 trumps \& 4-7pts)
- Bergen bids - though these are less popular these days especially if playing 2/1


## 1 TOUGH COMPETITOR - LOTT (Points are evenly split 17-23)



## 1 TOUGH COMPETITOR - LOTT (Points are evenly split 17-23)

Compete to number of trumps in fit. (West would compete with 6)

- A 2
- KJ876
- KQ4
-843

- 943
- Q542
- 105
- AJ 105

10
Pass
Pass
2
Pass

East competes to $3 \boldsymbol{\text { because he knows his side holds nine trumps. }}$

## 1 TOUGH COMPETITOR - LOTT (Points are evenly split 17-23)

E/W have "boss" suit. Play at 2 level, defend at 3 level with 8 trump fit
K Q 875
K J 6
K Q 4
93

Bidding: West North East South

? - Pass. You don't have the points for game \& expect our side to have 8 trumps \& good chance neither side can make 9 tricks

## 1 TOUGH COMPETITOR -LOTT (Points are evenly split 17-23)

- Look to get best score for the board. N/S have "boss" suit. (Care vulnerability)

Bidding: West North East South $1 \mathrm{H} \quad 1 \mathrm{~S} \quad 2 \mathrm{H} \quad 2 \mathrm{~S}$
?
? - Bid 3H. Expect N/S to make 2S. True, we might go down in 3 H but will score better than them making 2 S

- COMPETING to 3 in your suit is a competitive move, NOT A GAME TRY (invite). For a game try bid a new suit.


## 1 TOUGH COMPETITOR - LOTT (Points are evenly split 17-23)

- Look to get best score for the board. E/W have "boss" suit
- AK9 76
- Q 8
- A 82
$\stackrel{543}{ }$


Q Q 54

- 754
- 963
\& AQ86


Pass

2
Pass

West and East each have balanced hands and minimal trump length 3 H by $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{S}$ is likely to fail so $\mathrm{E} / \mathrm{W}$ Pass

## 1 TOUGH COMPETITOR - LOTT (Points are evenly split 17-23)

## - Use the Law when hold 10 trumps



## 1 TOUGH COMPETITOR - LOTT (Points are evenly split 17-23)

## - Continue the Weak Two

- KQ10754
- Q82
- J9
- 43
- A982
- 3
- 432
-KJ1062

$$
\begin{array}{cc}
x+x \\
x=x
\end{array} \quad \Longrightarrow \quad 千
$$

## 2 <br> Pass

Dbl
Pass
4 -

5

Once the sacrifice is taken in 4 , the best chance for a good score is to Pass \& hope you can defeat $5 \boldsymbol{v}$ (no matter what the vulnerability).

## 1 TOUGH COMPETITOR - LOTT Warnings

## BE CAUTIOUS WITH:

- The point-count difference should preferably no greater than 17-23 between the two sides
- Unfavourable vulnerability
- Flat hands (4333-no ruffing opportunities)
- Weak holdings in your key suit(s) - eg 643
- Have non Ace honours in your opponents' suits - wastage

With 10 trumps:
=> care with 1 major 4 major bids if Unfavourable Vul (UV) \& flat
=> even more care with 1D 1H 2D 4H if UV - maybe go 3H (still weak)

## 1 TOUGH COMPETITOR - LOTT (Points are not evenly split!)


S NMckinnon
AJ93
ӨK52
A4
\&AJ1042

## 1 TOUGH COMPETITOR - LOTT Common bidding scenarios

- bid to the level of trumps your partnership holds
- Responder raises 1 major to 4 major if hold 5 trumps
- Responder raises Weak Two to 3lvl with 3 trumps
- Over 1H 1S, 2H 2S we will bid 3H if:
- We have 9 trumps (opener 6 or responder 4)
- We have 8 trumps \& willing to sacrifice (care Vul.)
- Typically play at the 2 level, defend at the 3 level
- Care if unfavourable vulnerability, 4333 \&/or pts unevenly split

1 TOUGH COMPETITOR - LOTT (Points are evenly split 17-23)
Qufz 1
You are West. What do you bid?

| West | North pass | $\begin{aligned} & \text { East } \\ & 2 \boldsymbol{A} \end{aligned}$ | South 3\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ? pass |  |  |  |
| (a) | (b) | b) | (c) |
| A AQ765 |  | KQ765 | A AQJ765 |
| , 86 | $\checkmark$ | AK J 6 | $\bigcirc 87$ |
| -K854 | $\bigcirc$ | A 3 | $\diamond$ A 65 |
| * K 2 | $\%$ | - 73 | \& 76 |
| Pass |  | 44 | 34 |

a) Pass - min, b) $4 \mathrm{~S}-19 \mathrm{tp}$, c) 3 S - extra trump

## 1 TOUGH COMPETITOR - LOTT (Points are evenly split 17-23)

## Quiz ?

You are South. What do you bid?


4A. Normal game
Pass. Happily, out.
4*. Hopefully 10 trumps
a) 4 S - strong b) Pass - weak, c) - 10 card trump fit

## 2 TOUGH COMPETITOR - HAND EVALUATION - SUMMARY

- Shape - Long suits \& 2 suited hands are great. => Rule of 20
- Length - Better than 4333's, add length pts from the outset. HATE 4333
- Shortage in dummy with a fit is gold (even better with more trumps)
- Where your HCPs are - want in long suits not short suits
- Like honours working together (KQ3); HATE separate honours Q53 K43
- Want our honours in the long suits
- 10's \& 9's matter - having them, in long suits is best
- Like Aces \& Kings; HATE Js (lesser extent Qs). (Aces worth 4+pts, Js<1pt)
- Unguarded honours may be worthless K, Qx, Jx, QJ
- Fits - bid more if have extra trumps for ptner, regardless of pts (LOTT)
- The Bidding - upgrade if hold honours in RHO's suit; downgrade if LHO's suit
- Misfits - Bid less if have no fit, or if hold length in opponent's suit


## 2 TOUGH COMPETITOR - HAND EVALUATION NT

Look to open NT (preemptive, stayman/tfr, strong hand plays hand)

- With 14HCP, balanced \& 5 card minor open 1NT.

Look to play in NT. Opener opens 1NT

- Responder should bid 3NT with a long minor suit \& 8/9+pts

North South 1NT
?


KT7 65

:KJT75 Q Q54 9HCP KQT754 \& 54 8HCP

## Great suit, give yourself length pt(s) \& bid 3NT

- Don't bid Stayman if no shortage
- With poor 8pts (eg Q \&Js or 4333 shape) don't bid Stayman or 2NT- just Pass eg KJ42 Q32 93 Q875


## 2 TOUGH COMPETITOR - HAND EVALUATION NT

Value of 10s \& 9s
A A
J vs J
6 T (75\% double finesse)

- Value of married honours


K Q
$\mathbf{X} \mathbf{X}$ vs $\mathbf{Q} \quad \mathbf{X}$ of making 2
$\begin{array}{llll}\mathbf{X} & \mathbf{X} & \mathbf{X} & \mathbf{X} \text { tricks) }\end{array}$

2 TOUGH COMPETITOR - HAND EVALUATION - NT

| Hand 1- N AJ2 KJ4 K543 <br> ©KJ6 | North. South <br> 1NT 2NT <br> ? <br> Hand 1 Pass - poor spots, Js poor Hand 2 3NT - good spots in s \& honours working together | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hand } 2 \text { - } \mathrm{N} \\ & \text { KQ6 } \\ & \text { QJ4 } \\ & \text { KT98 } \\ & \text { KQ6 } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hand 3 - S K76 Q7542 K6 SQ65 | North. South <br> 1D 1H <br> 1NT ? <br> Hand 3 Pass poor spots \& honours Hand 4 2NT - good spots \& honours working together | Hand 4 - S A76 KQT97 T6 <br> SJT5 |

## 2 TOUGH COMPETITOR - HAND EVALUATION

## 5) HCP in Long suits

Clearly to any real bridge player the first hand is much worse than the second, although the shape, high cards and spot cards are the same:

```
S 87532
H Q8643
D AK
C A
```

S AK852
H AQ843
D 73
C 6

Rule of 20

## 2) ^AJ1086 『KQ1074 * 86 *3



Rule of 20: unbalanced shape makes this a strong hand $10 \mathrm{HCPs}+5 \boldsymbol{4}+5 \boldsymbol{V}=$ 20

## 2 TOUGH COMPETITOR - HAND EVALUATION POSITION IN BIDDING

Upgrade hand if hold honours in RHO's bid suit, downgrade if hold honours in LHO's bid suit.
AQT8
432
AQT8
23

KJ97
65
KJ97
654

2 TOUGH COMPETITOR - HAND EVALUATION (actually 7.6)


## 2 TOUGH COMPETITOR - HAND EVALUATION

| N-S Vul | K J 4 | West | North | East | South |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | K7432 |  |  | 1 | 1 |
|  | 743 | Pass | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|  | 104 | Pass | Pass | Pass |  |

- 876
$\bullet 106$
A 10985
E J 85

4 South

-A Q 10932

- A 5

Lead: 5

- K Q 6
< 73
a) expect finesses to work as over strong hand (if only here!)
b) - honours working together in Ds. We've got As \& Ks \& extra trump


## 2 TOUGH COMPETITOR - HAND EVALUATION - SUMMARY

- In NT, when decision is marginal, look to bid on if:
- Long suit has good honours \& maybe with 10s \& 9s
- Responder has long minor with decent honours
- General Negatives => downgrade hand
- 4333 shape, Q \& Js, unguarded or separate honours
- General Positives => upgrade hand
- long suits with good honours, married honours, As \& Ks, 10s \& 9s, double fit with honours, honours over RHO


## 3 TOUGH COMPETITOR CUE RAISES: By Advancer

Board 13 ¢86 Cue Raises

Dealer: $\quad$ K Q 873 North
-A43
4QJ 7
Bidding: N E S W 1H1S P 2H
$P$ 2S P 4S Allpass
¢A 752
-AJ64 -K QJT $\$ 8$

甲T 9
$\bullet 2$

- J 652
\$K T 654
-T 5
-9 87
©K QJ43 Bidding: West cue raises to show 3+ $s$ \& 10+pts. East shows a min hand (8-11pts) bidding $2 S$ but West bids game anyway 16 tp \& extra trump


## 3 TOUGH COMPETITOR CUE RAISES: Pre-emptive Raise (alert)

- East has been a Tough



## 3 TOUGH COMPETITOR CUE RAISES - INTRODUCTION

a bid of opponent's suit after an overcall (either theirs or yours) shows 3+ major suit support \& 10+ TP, 4+ support minors now use Cue Raises to show all your strong raises in support of partner including game-going hands. (Self Alerting)
must be made on 1st round of bidding - after partner's overcall or opposition's overcall of partner's opening bid frees up higher level raises to be weak, distributional hands (eg LOTT). Once you play Cue Raises, you need to remember that the 3-level raise is a pre-emptive bid!
can overcall on weaker hands \& not get too high

## 3 TOUGH COMPETITOR CUE RAISES - After Opponent's Overcall

Example 1: Bidding Options after:
West North East South
1H 2C ?

Bid 2H - 3+ hearts, 6-9(10) TP
2NT: natural 10-12 pts \& stopper in their suit. Cue Raise 3C (3+ hearts, 10+pts) = Limit Raise + Bid 3H-4-card support \& 4-7pts, pre-emptive LOTT Bid 4H - shows a weak hand with 5-card support LOTT

## 3 TOUGH COMPETITOR CUE RAISES - After Opponent's Overcall

Bidding: South planned to bid 3H but, after East's 2C, bids 3C to show 3+ ${ }^{\text {s }}$ \& 10+pts. If partner bids $\mathbf{3 H}$ (min 12-14pts) Pass. Opener's Rebid Options:

- 3H - Rebid suit at lowest level (minimum 12-14pts)
- 4H - Rebid suit at game level, eg game values opposite 10+TP

South West North East South


## 3 TOUGH COMPETITOR CUE RAISES - After Partner's Overcall

Example 2: Bidding Options after:
West North East South
1H 1S Pass ?

- Bid 2S - single raise shows 3 card support, 6-9/10 HCP
- Cue Raise 2H (3+ spades, 10+pts)
- Bid 3S - 4-card support \& 4-7pts, pre-emptive LOTT, ALERT
- Bid 4S - shows a weak hand with 5-card support LOTT


## 3 TOUGH COMPETITOR CUE RAISES - After Partner's Overcall

Bidding: South bids 2H to show 3+ s \& 10+pts
Overcaller's Rebid Options (after partner's Cue Raise):

- 2S - Rebid suit at minimum level. Minimal hand (say 8-11pts)
- 3S - Jump rebid suit (to 3-level). 12-14pts
- 4S - Rebid suit at game level, eg game values opposite 10+TP

South West North East South
Axx 1H 1S Pass 2H
Xx
Pass 2S All Pass
(Minimum response) (Note - in 2S not 3S)

## 3 TOUGH COMPETITOR CUE RAISES: EXAMPLES

## South <br> 83 <br> K J 2 <br> Q 843 <br> A875

Bidding:
West North East South - South bids 2S - shows
1S 2H Pass?

## Notes:

 support for hearts \& invitational82
K 963
J 9872
T 4

West North East South - South bids 3H-4 1C 1H Pass?
hearts \& weak (4-7pts) LOTT

## 3 TOUGH COMPETITOR CUE RAISES: SUMMARY

- Do not have to alert cue raise but do alert the 3 level weak bid
- When partner opens \& RHO overcalls, a cuebid of the overcall shows a limit raise or better (10+ TP) - guaranteeing support
- Partner responds to cue raise as if you made a limit raise. If have Game Force hand can bid game even after partner signs-off at 3lvl
This means that all other raises show less than a limit raise!
- With a cue raise you have agreed trumps so can then use Blackwood \& control bids


## 3 TOUGH COMPETITOR CUE RAISES: Responding to a "normal" overcall

## SOUTH

- Playing Cue Raises South will bid 3S preemptive (4-7 HCP \&

$$
19
$$

- Otherwise South will bid 2S \& will then compete to 3 S as trump fit is 9 (LOTT)
$\square$
14


62
Q 9754
62

## 3 TOUGH COMPETITOR CUE RAISES: QUIZZES

|  | ${ }^{19.1 .4}$ | ${ }^{19.2 .1}$ | 19.2.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| W N E S | W N E S | W N E S | W N E S |
| 1H 1S P ? | 1H 1S P ? | 1S 2H P ? | 1S 2H P |
| Axx | Q $A^{\text {axx }}$ | Q 3 | Q 65 |
| xx | ${ }^{\text {xx }}$ | Q8765 | QJ5 |
| Axxx | AQxx | A982 | AK65 |
| \%xx | ¢ Kxx | ¢876 | CK542 |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { b) } 2 \text {. Cue Raise, } 10+\text { HCP \& will bid } \\ & 4 \text { next. If RHO bid } 2 \text { we would Cue } \\ & \text { Raise } 3 \text { as happy to commit to } 4 \text { level } \\ & \text { in hearts. } \end{aligned}$ |

## 3 TOUGH COMPETITOR CUE RAISES: By Advancer

| Board 14 | ¢ 475 | Cue Raises |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dealer: East | -64 |  |
|  | - 4943 |  |
|  | \$K843 |  |
| ¢T92 |  | ¢ 86 |
| - ${ }^{\text {8 }}$ | N | -KQJ 73 |
| - 652 | W E | -KQT |
| \$T652 | S | \$QJ 7 |
|  | ¢KQJ 43 |  |
|  | -T952 |  |
|  | * 8 |  |
|  | \$ 49 |  |

Bidding: East South West North Brd 14 Cue Raise by Advancer
$1 \mathrm{H} \quad 1 \mathrm{P} \quad 2 \mathrm{H}$
$P \quad 2 S \quad P \quad$ All Pass
Bidding: North cue raises to show $3+\boldsymbol{\varphi} \& 10+$ pts. South bids $2 S$ to show a min hand $(8-11 \mathrm{pts}) \&$ North passes. Note: now playing in $2 S$ not $3 S$.

Lead: West leads $\uparrow$ A - lead of partner's suit, don't lead away from an Ace
Losers: $\boldsymbol{\varphi}$ - nil, - 1 \& \$ nil

- $-2 / 3$ as long as Dummy has trumps

Play: E/W win $2 \boldsymbol{v}$ tricks \& then should play trumps (to reduce West's trumps). Declarer should lead $\boldsymbol{v}_{\text {s }}$ but will only be able to ruff 1 trick Score: 9 tricks in spades non vul. $(30+30+30+50)=140$

## 3 TOUGH COMPETITOR CUE RAISES: The preemptive 3lvl bid



## 4 TOUGH COMPETITOR - NEGATIVE DOUBLES

## North 1 East 1 South ?

## South holds 932 CKQ63 75 QQJ74

- 8HCP so you want to bid
- 1NT (6-9 HCP) is not appropriate with no spade stopper.
- A bid at the 2-level shows 10+ HCP.
- You can't support diamonds with only 2 cards (no fit)

South doubles - show unbid Major (ie ) 6+pts $\left.{ }_{(\text {( ideally support for }}^{\text {(a) }}\right)$

- Denies a fit for partner \& denies a stopper for no trumps
- Shows 4 cards in unbid major


## 4 TOUGH COMPETITOR NEGATIVE DOUBLES - Most Common Bids

North East South

1. 1 minor 1S $X$ - shows 4 hearts \& 6+pts
2. 1 minor $1 \mathrm{H} \quad \mathrm{X}$ - shows exactly 4 spades \& $6+\mathrm{pts}$
3. 1 minor $1 \mathrm{H} \quad 1 \mathrm{~S}$ - shows 5 spades \& $6+$ pts
4. 1C 1D 1H/S - shows 4 in suit (as always)

North East South West "the old bugger bid"
5. 1 minor 1H 1S Pass

4S (3 in suit) All Pass - raise with 3 in suit
Dummy goes down \& South only has 4 spades (should have 5s) bugger!

## 4 TOUGH COMPETITOR NEGATIVE DOUBLES - Unbid Suits

- $18 /$ (they overcall 1 C (double) $=4$ spades \& 6+pts (\& ideally the non bid minor)
- $1 \mathrm{~S} /$ (they overcall 1 Q ) X (double) $=4$ hearts \& 6+pts
- 1 (they overcall 2\&) X = 4 s \& 8+pts (\& ideally $4 \diamond s$ )

SPECIAL BIDS - Treat as similar to a Takeout Double

- $1 \%$ (they overcall $1 \diamond$ ) $X$ (double) $=4$ hearts \& 4 spades
- 1 (they overcall 1 ) $X=4+$ in both minors

More Advanced:
1D 1S $X=$ could show 5 hearts \& 6-9pts (rebids hearts)

## 4 TOUGH COMPETITOR NEGATIVE DOUBLES - EXAMPLE 1

## East <br> T9 87 <br> AQxx $A x_{x}$ $x$

OKT9 8 x
AKxx sAxxx

Bidding:
West North East Sth 1C 1S ?

## Notes:

- East doubles with 4 s \&

4 s

- Raise if West bids or ,
- Pass if West bids 2 ?

West North East Sth 1C 1H ?

- Have \& Q. Double \& plan to bid again as strong


## 4 TOUGH COMPETITOR NEGATIVE DOUBLES - NATURAL BIDS

- By inference, if responder bids a suit over an overcall, it typically shows 5+ cards in suit:
$1 \mathrm{\$} /$ (they overcall 1 ) $19=5$ spades \& 6+pts
- 1 / (they overcall 1 ) 2 = 5 hearts \& 10+pts, eg Q 54 AK542 A83 \$652


## 4 TOUGH COMPETITOR NEGATIVE DOUBLES - OPENER'S REBIDS

Opener's Rebid After a Negative Double

- Minimum hand (12-15) rebid at cheapest level. 1D 1S X P, ?; with AT QT84 AK62 73 bid 2
- Can pass if RHO competes - 1 (1) X (2) ; Pass
- Medium hand (16-18), opener jumps a level, or bids even if
 38/
- Maximum hand (19-20) bid game


## NEGATIVE DOUBLES - RESPONDER'S REBIDS EXAMPLE

 South West North East
1C 1S $X \quad$ Pass Double shows $4 \bigcirc$ \& ideally 4

- Sth bids 2H: bid 3H - shows $10-12$ pts \& invites game
- Sth bids 2D: bid 3D - shows 4+ s, 10-12pts \& invites game
- Sth bids 2C: bid 3C-2C shows 6 clubs, raise to show strength
- Sth bids 1NT: bid 2NT - South has no fit for either of your suits so raise to $2 N T$, inviting partner to game


## NEGATIVE DOUBLES SUMMARY \& ADDITIONAL NOTES

- Denies a fit for partner \& denies a stopper for no trumps.
- Shows 4cards in unbid major suit (\& ideally other non bid suit)
- Does not have to alerted
- -VE DOUBLES 1level - 6+HCP, 2level - 8+HCP, 3level - 10+HCP
- $1 \mathrm{H}<2 \mathrm{C}>\mathrm{X}$ shows 4 spades \& 8+pts

○ 1 minor <3H weak jump o'call> X shows 4 spades \& 10+pts

## NEGATIVE DOUBLES QUIZZES

| 15.1.4 | 15.2.1 | 15.3.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| W N E | W N E S | W N E S |
| 1D 1H ? | 1H2C? | 1C 1S X P |
|  |  | ? |
| ه8763 | Q AKQxx | 0 |
| 95 | ${ }^{\text {xx }}$ | OJxx |
| 842 | Qxxx | $\checkmark K x x$ |
| SAK62 | Exx | ⒶQxxxx |

## NEGATIVE DOUBLES QUIZZES



Are you a Tough Competitor? - What Do We Bid?

| N E S 1D 1S ? <br> J 53 <br> K Q 83 <br> 83 <br> Q 876 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N E } \\ & 1 H \\ & 1 H \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

4 TOUGH COMPETITOR NEGATIVE DOUBLES - SUMMARYNorth East South

1. 1 minor $1 \mathrm{~S} \quad \mathrm{X}$ - shows 4 hearts \& 6+pts, or exactly 5 hearts \& 6-9pts (rebid H)
2. $X$ - shows 4 hearts \& 6+pts
3. 2 H - shows $\mathbf{5 +}$ hearts \& 10+pts
4. 1 minor $1 \mathrm{H} \quad \mathrm{X}$ - shows exactly 4 spades \& 6+pts
5. 1 S - shows $\underline{5}$ spades \& 6+pts
6. 1C 1D $1 \mathrm{H} / \mathrm{S}$ - shows 4 in suit (as always)
7. 

X - 4:4 in majors \& 6+pts (occasionally 5:4)
8. 1H 1S $\quad \mathrm{X}-4: 4$ in minors \& 6+pts (occasionally 5:4)
9. 1S 2 minor $X$ - shows 4 hearts \& 8+pts
10. $2 \mathrm{H}-5+$ hearts \& 10+pts
11. $\mathbf{1 H} 2$ minor $\mathrm{X}-4$ spades \& 8+pts
12. 1 minor $3 \mathrm{H} \quad \mathrm{X}-4$ spades \& $10+$ pts

## Summary

Responder Hands
No Competition In Competition
(1H Pass ?)

| Q T92 A86 Q652 Q65 | $2 H(3+H \& 6-9 / 10 p t s)$ | $2 H$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

2 © T2 A864 Q652 Q Q65 2H


- best if have $4-\mathrm{s}$

4 QK2 A86 Q652 \&KQ65 4H (3+H\& 13+pts) $\quad$ 2S (3+H \& 10+pts) - all strong bids go thru cue raise
5 492 A864 T652 8876
Pass
3H (4H \& 4-7pts)
6 92 A8643 Q652 887 2H ? today 4H
4H (5 trumps)

## Advancer Hands

## Pre Cue Raises In Competition <br> (1H 1S P ?) <br> (1H 1S P ?)

## 1 T92 A86 Q652 \$265

2S (3+S \& 6-9/10pts)
$2 S$

2 ¢T932 A8
3 ¢KT92 A86 Q652 \$Q6 3 S (3+S \& 10/11-12pts)
4 \& KT9 A86 Q652 \& KQ2 4S (3+S \& 13+pts)
$2 S$ compete to $3 S$ if required
2H (3+S \& 10+pts)
2H (3+S \&10+pts) all strong bids thru cue raise

3S (4S \& 4-7pts) care Vul
4 (5 trumps) - care if unfavourable Vul.

## Responding to 1 minor 1 H auction (from L Cohen After they Interfere Quizzes)

## Bidding goes: North 1C/D East 1H Here are South's options:

- 1NT=6-10 balanced, s stopped, denies 4 spades. 2NT=11-12 balanced, s stopped, denies 4 spades. (invitational) 3NT $=13-15$ balanced, s stopped, denies 4 spades.
- $1 Q=5+$ spades ( $6+$ HCP)
- Double (Negative) $=6+$ points and guarantees exactly (only) 4Q
- Raise to 2 of a minor = 6-10pts \& support ( $5+\& \mathrm{~s}, 4+\mathrm{s}$ ) \& denies 4 s
- 2 of the other minor $=10+$ HCP and 5+ card suit (not GF)
- 2 = Cue Raise or better (5+cards for clubs, 4+card for $\langle s$, denies 4 4
- Other bids: With partnership discussion/agreement (a jump raise $3^{\top}$ ) is weak --since you can cue raise to show the limit raise)


## Summary

- 1H-P-2X (eg 2C/D/H) is a delayed game raise
- 1H-P-2N* is Jacoby 2NT convention

| Non - Comp Raises | Total pts. \& fit | Competitive Raises |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1v-P-2v | 6-10 pts. $8+$ card fit | 1v-2*-2v |
| 1v-P-3v | 10-12 pts. 9+ card fit | 1v-2*-3* |
| 1v-P-2X (raise vext) | $13+$ pts. 8 card fit | 1v-2s-32 |
| 1v-P-2N* | $13+$ pts. 9+ card fit | 1v-2s-3* |
| 1v-P-4v | $<10$ pts. $10+$ card fit | 1v-2*-4v |
| ------ | 4-7 pts. 9+ card fit | 1v-2*-3v |

## TOUGH COMPETITOR SUMMARY LOTT \& HAND EVALUATION

LOTT - compete to the level of trumps held in partnership

- With 8 partnership trumps => 2|v|, 9=>3|v|, 10=>4|v|
 but compete to 3S if necessary
Hand Evaluation LIKE


## HATE

- "married honours" KQx
- As \& Ks, (10s \& 9s)
- Long suit with honours
- Honours sitting over RHO
- Double fit, no of trumps
- Honours in isolation
- Qs \& Js
- Honours in short suits
- Unguarded honours Qx
- Misfits, 4333 shape


## TOUGH COMPETITOR SUMMARY CUE RAISES / -VE DOUBLES

## Cue Raises - bidding opponent's suit shows support \& 10+pts

West North East South
1H 2C ?

- Bid 2H-3+ hearts, 6-9(10) TP
- 2NT: natural 10-12 pts \& stopper in their suit.
- Cue Raise 3C (3+ hearts, $10+\mathrm{pts})=$ Limit Raise +
- Bid 3H-4-card support \& 4-7pts, pre-emptive LOTT
- Bid 4 H - shows a weak hand with 5 -card support.


## Negative Doubles

1 minor 1S X -shows 4 hearts \& 6+pts
1 minor $1 \mathrm{H} \quad \mathrm{X}$ - shows exactly 4 spades \& 6+pts
1 minor $1 \mathrm{H} \quad 1 \mathrm{~S}$ - shows $\underline{5}$ spades \& 6+pts
1H $\quad 2 \mathrm{C} \quad \mathrm{X}$ - shows 4 spades \& 8+pts

