## Election of 1932

Did

## Roosevelt

win it, or did Hoover Lose
it?

# Opening Leads 

## Topics covered

## What are the Standard Leads?

When do I deviate from standard leads?

*When do I lead trump? *Which card do I lead of the suit my partner bid?
*An Active or Passive lead?

* If ops are in slam - do I lead my ace?


Andrew Robson

## Our

 experts
## DW's <br> 



## EBU



## Bridge is a game for partners.

- Trust them
- Talk to them


## The opening lead

## serves two functions:

st

## take them,

function set them up to be
is about taken...
tricks:
OR at least avoid giving
declarer a cheap trick.


## Active lead

 The killer lead! You've got a great lead and eager to get to it.
## Passive

You haven't got a great lead - be passive and don't give a cheap trick

## $2^{\text {nd }}$

Function:



## Send a message to your partner about your hand. Partner, you need to pay attention!



## Probably has 4

Hasn't got the King
Hasn't got the Ace
Does have the Jack
May have the 10
Get a chance, return the lead

Has nothing in hearts


## Don't lead it back

 Have 2 of them or 4
## 9 <br>  <br> 4

# Lead low from something - she has an honour in this suit 

## 2



Probably 4 - maybe 3

It's a poor lead - so hasn't got touching honours in another suit that hasn't been bid trumps is alternative here and yet has decided not to lead trump -maybe has only I - or two to an honour.

## Has the 10



Has 3 or 4 in the suit
May have the K
Same lead in both NT and Suit contracts

Doesn't have the Ace
Doesn't have the Queen

## Against a

 NTContract

## Fourth

highest from your longest
and strongest.

| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | You |  | $P$ |
|  |  |  | 1S |
| 1NT | Pass | 2NT | Pass |
| 3NT | Pass | Pass | Pass |

## 104




4


| West | North | East | South |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| You |  | P |  |
|  |  |  | 1S |
| Pass | 1NT | Pass | 3NT |
| Pass | Pass | Pass |  |

## Rule of | I

Subtract the card led from eleven; the answer is the number of cards which are higher than that, in the other three hands.

In other words it will tell you a lot about declarer's hand.

## K 1042

West

## You

7 led J 85
63

## Declarer can use it too.

## K J 42

West

## You

## 6 led

$$
\text { A } 97
$$

## The Standard

## Leads



## -Top of touching honours (3)

## Standard Leads

-Top of touching honours (2)
Q J 65 (Great Lead!)

- Top of inside touching honours

K」106 (Good Lead)

## A K

## Doubleton (good)



## Honours

Do not lead....

## Doubletons or singletons

## Never underlead an ACE!!

 Never underlead an King. Don't lead from a broken suit. K J 73

## High card leads

> 984 8632


## Low means no! High for Hate!

High - Low = an even number of cards Low - High = an odd number of cards It's central to leads

## But that's another

## Seminar!

## The Low lead

High from nothing, low from something. Not usually first choice.

Telling your partner that you've got something in that suit.

## Q 743



## When do I lead trumps?

I) When other suits are unsafe to lead.
2) When you have a good defensive holding in declarer's second suit.
3) When ops have made an immediate jump in trump suit - planning on ruffing?
4) When you double for takeout - but partner passes, converting it to penalties.

## In a slam - do I lead my ace?

Yes, if by leading it you defeat the contract.

No if you don't. Try, with your P to set up a trick, get back in with Ace - and take two.

## Leading your partner's suit

Ace if you have it, and then High for hate and Low for Like.

## Three step

 Guide to
## finding the

 leadI) Go for the Great lead. If not there...
2) Eliminate the must not leads.
3) Look at what's left - the passive leads.

## Got a Great lead?

## Ace from Ace King

## Single from a weak hand

Partner's Suit (Ace, then high for hate etc)

King from King Queen
Queen from Queen Jack
Q J 32
Jack from Jack Ten
K LIO 8
Ten from Ten-Nine

## If not, eliminate the no-no leads: <br> Away from an Ace <br> A 974

Opponents suit
Honour doubleton
Q 3

## You'll be left with the "so-so" leads:

Top of a small doubleton 43

High from a suit you hate 8543

## Low from a suit you like <br> Q 964

Trumps - not a singleton, but from small doubleton or three

# A good lead and return from partner will get declarer down! 



Boards I-4 Standard
Boards 5-8 Tricky


## Listen to the bidding!

Think Shape
Partner's Suit
Unbid Suit

## Examples:

* The opps bid 5 clubs or 5 diamonds.

They will be weak in one suit or else they would have finished in 3 NT. Lead your strongest suit.

* The Opps are in 3NT by a circuitous route

They probably do not have a an 8 card fit in a major. If you have a doubleton in a major - partner probably has at least four: Lead the heart doubleton.

* The Opps are in 6 Spades. You Hold: S A4 H 10875 D 9764 C QJIO

In a slam don't play your ace unless you know it will set them straight away. Queen of Clubs looks attractive but think shape. How many diamonds can partner have? Lead a diamond, when you get in with Ace of spades give partner a diamond ruff. Down one.

| Bidding: | North |
| :---: | :---: |
| ID | South |
| INT | IS |
| 3 D |  |
| 3 S | 4 NT |
| 5 H | 6 S |

Do you have a great lead?
Ace from Ace King A K 73
Single from a weak hand
Partner's Suit (Ace, then high for hate etc)
King from King Queen K Q J 6
Queen from Queen Jack
Jack from Jack Ten
Q J 32
K LIO 8
Ten from Ten-Nine $\underline{10974}$

If not, eliminate the no-no leads:


The remaining "so-so" leads:
Top of a small doubleton $\underline{4} 3$ High from a suit you hate

8543
Low from a suit you like
Q964

## Trumps

Do you have a great lead?

## Ace from Ace King

Single from a weak hand
Partner's Suit (Ace, then high for hate etc)
King from King Queen K Q J 6
Queen from Queen Jack
QJ 32
Jack from Jack Ten
K LIO 8
Ten from Ten-Nine
10974

If not, eliminate the no-no leads:
Away from an Ace
Opponents suit
Honour doubleton

A $974 \quad$| worst |
| :---: |
| poor |

The remaining "so-so" leads:
Top of a small doubleton
43
High from a suit you hate
8543
Low from a suit you like
Q 964

## Trumps

